## Jones, Stephanie

From:

Jen Murdock <poodlenoodle3000@yahoo.com>

Sent:

Wednesday, May 04, 2016 2:16 PM

To:

ED, State Board of Ed

Subject:

Changes to IRRC # 3146, 3147 being considered

IRRC

To:

Karen Molchanow, Executive Director Dept of Education

Dear Ms. Molchanow,

I'm writing in regards to changes that are being considered for IRRC # 3146 and #3147. I support changing the reporting deadline from October 15 to December 31. This will give the will give the Dept. of Health more time to prepare more accurate records. Accuracy is very good.

I oppose the following changes that are being considered:

Decrease the provisional period for student enrollment from 240 days to 5 days.

No nearby states have such short provisional periods. Five days is not enough time to schedule appointments or for students who may be sick to recover before getting vaccinated. Parents will face stress and unnecessary expense as they make appointments and submit paperwork. A 60 day provisional period will give parents and sick children time to meet the requirements without undue stress. Given the later reporting date, a 60 day provisional period would not interfere with school data collection and analysis.

Proof of natural immunity for chicken pox through having contracted the disease must now be provided by a doctor, physician's assistant, or nurse practitioner.

It is irresponsible for the DOH to insist that a highly contagious child visit a medical facility where other children, including the medically fragile, will likely be present for the sole purpose of receiving an official chicken pox diagnosis. This move could increase the spread of the disease. Not all families have existing relationships with the list of specified medical workers, and this provision could force a family to enter into a new contractual relationship with unknown medical staff during a stressful time. Most families will also have the financial burden of all charges, or co-pays as well as laboratory fees. Additionally, this requirement creates an environment of distrust between the school staff and the parents as the parents' word is questioned.

Addition of Meningococcal vaccine for students entering 12th grade.

The addition of this vaccine is not only unnecessary but would significantly raise costs and risks that far outweigh any possible benefit. The disease is extremely rare; the incidence rate for meningococcal disease, according to the CDC, is 0.3-0.5/100,000. According to the PA Department of Health EDDIE database, in 2014, there were only 16 new cases of meningitis. Vaccinating the estimated 147,040 seniors in 2014, would have cost parents and taxpayers over \$16,000,000. The CDC states that all serogroups of the disease are on the decline, including serogroup B, WHICH IS NOT EVEN INCLUDED IN THIS VACCCINE ANYWAY.

Earlier this legislative session, a bill was introduced to mandate this vaccine for students entering 12th grade. The legislature did not see the necessity of such a mandate and thus chose not to act. The Department of Health is seeking to circumvent the legislative process in enforcing mandates THAT ARE NOT SUPPORTED BY LAWMAKERS. This vaccine is already available to anyone who wants it.

According to vaccine manufacturer package inserts, post marketing surveillance for the meningitis vaccine has shown the following: hypersensitivity reactions such as anaphylaxis/anaphylactic reaction, wheezing, difficulty breathing, upper airway swelling, urticaria, erythema, pruritus, hypotension, Guillain-Barré syndrome,

paraesthesia, vasovagal syncope, dizziness, convulsion, facial palsy, acute disseminated encephalomyelitis, transverse myelitis, and myalgia. There are reports of deaths due to this vaccine!

Inclusion of Pertussis vaccine for kindergarten admission.

We are currently seeing outbreaks of pertussis among fully vaccinated populations. The CDC and top doctors are verifying the lack of efficacy and the early waning of any immunity provided by this vaccine. Meningitis and Tdap vaccines are pharmaceutical products that carry a risk of injury or death, a fact that was acknowledged by the U.S. Congress in 1986 when it passed the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act.

I amo also opposed to the DOH editing the current regulations by eliminating separate listings for measles, mumps, rubella, tetanus, diphtheria, and pertussis vaccines that are currently most commonly consumed as combination shots. Instead, they will only be listed in the regulations in their combination forms - MMR and TDaP. Evidence of Immunity is different for some of the vaccines and the proposed regulations are unclear.

All antigens should be listed individually. This will simplify the amendment process should these combinations change in the future. We also want to ensure accuracy in data collection and publication. Some of these vaccines are still available singularly, and so listing each antigen individually is best and should not be changed. Each disease should individually list what can be given as evidence of immunity.

I also request that a change be implemented regarding the fact that is no requirement for standardized language in communications regarding vaccine requirements. Currently, each school district creates its own language in communicating with parents regarding vaccine requirements, provisional periods, and reporting. I request that the regulations be amended to require all schools to use uniform language provided by the DOH which will include the text of

28 PA CODE CH.23 stating the accepted exemptions for PA students.

I also request that Annex A lists enhanced "activated" polio vaccine be changed as the 'activated' polio vaccine is incorrect and should be changed to 'inactivated'.

Another change is that Herd Immunity claims are given without clarification or verification.

The Department of Health bases their reasoning for increasing vaccination mandates on the theory of herd immunity which was first developed when studying individuals who had the wild diseases, not those who had been vaccinated. Disease outbreaks continue to occur in populations that have reached 100% vaccination rates, rendering this theory unreliable for massive vaccination requirements.

Thank you very much for your consideration of this matter.

Sincerely, Jennifer Murdock